

Roscon + iROS 2019 Macau

About Mov.ai



- Helping robot developers
 - Quick goto market + long-term support
 - Visual launch of ROS Node network, in-browser IDE, SW
 Distribution, reversible upgrades, multi-protocol event processor
- Helping industrial operators and automation integrators
 - Tools to set up fleets of robots of different types

Commercial Grade ROS | ROS for Business

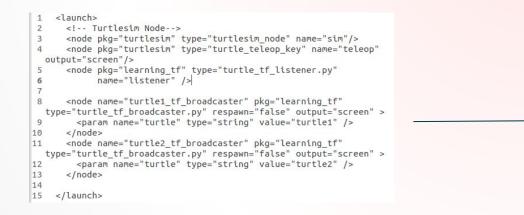
- VC funded startup, since 2016
- Team developed custom autonomous mobile robots for 7 years
- 20 engineers, based in Lisbon
- 2 AGV partners cart moving (TUGBOT) and pallet moving (RPM)
- Launching in Macau ROSCON 2019

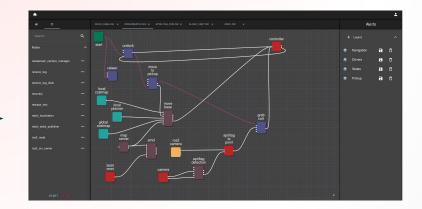
Inviting ROS community to join MOV.AI the Beta program

Visual Launch System for ROS



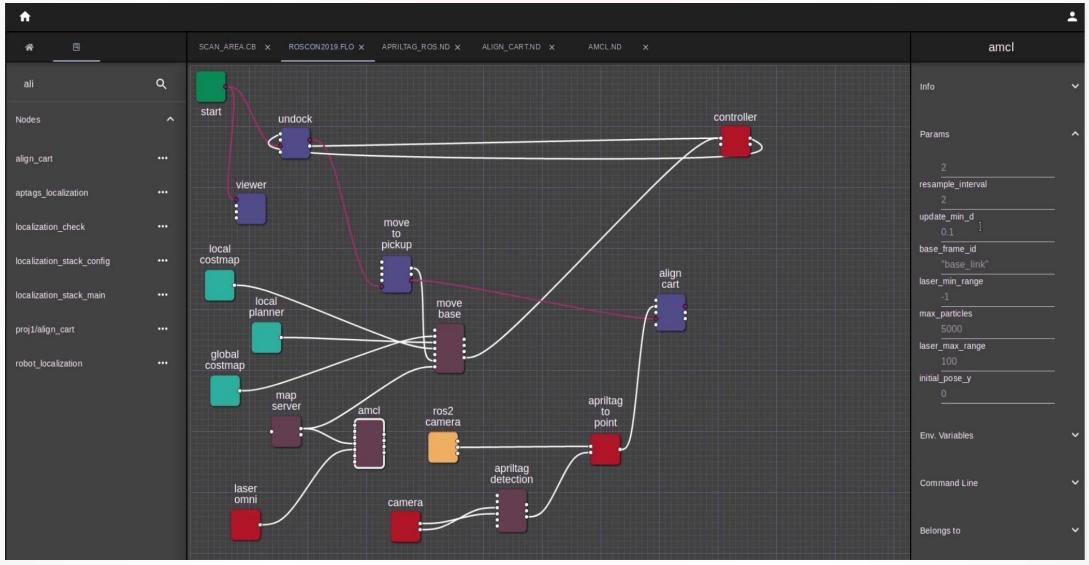
- Replaces roslaunch / rosrun framework with Visual Launch Diagrams
- Drag & Drop Nodes, Connect Node inputs/outputs
- VLD lines represent communication protocols between nodes
 - Modify Nodes/connections in split seconds
 - Organize multiple Node networks, Node versions & Parameters
 - Supports all ROS protocols, TF, Nodelets, pluginlib





Visual Launch System for ROS





Node Setup for Visual Launch



- Data required to deploy existing ROS node in Visual Launcher
- Input / Output ports (pub, sub, action, service)
- Parameters command line, parameter server, environment vars
- Default parameters (template), drag into a Flow (instance)
- Support for multiple versions of same Node
- Migration tools to help in input all the Node related data

Node Setup for Visual Launch

| î | | | | | | | | 2 |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------|--|---|
| * | | SCAN_AREA.CB × ROSCON2019.FLO × | APRILTAG_ROS.ND × ALIGN_CART.ND × | AMCL.ND × | | | Node History | |
| | م | Information | | | | ^ | Info | ^ |
| + Annotation | ~ | Name: amcl_test | stent | п | Dummy (i) | | Changed by: Tiago P. Last Update: 18 Oct 2019 | |
| + Callbacks | ~ | Description AMCL is a probabilistic localization system for a robot moving in 2D. It implements the adaptive (or KLD-sampling) Monte Carlo localization approach which uses a particle filter to track the pose of a robot against a known map. | | | | | | |
| + Flows | ~ | | | | | | | |
| + State Machines | ~ | | | | | | | |
| + Nodes | ~ | Parameters | | | | ~ | | |
| + Layouts | ~ | I/O Configuration | | | | ^ | | |
| + Scenes | ~ | Q Search × | k | | | Đ | | |
| + Forms | ~ | Name | Transport / Protocol | Package | Message | Actions | | |
| | | > particlecloud | ROS1/Publisher | geometry_msgs | PoseArray | / Ō | | |
| | | > static_map | ROS1/ServiceClient | nav_msgs | GetMap | / Ō | | |
| | | > set_map | ROS1/ServiceServer | nav_msgs | SetMap | / Ō | | |
| | | | | | | SAL/E | | |

MOV.AI Nodes - IDE in Browser



- Multi-Protocol Event processor
 - Message/Event triggers Callback in Python
 - Support for ROS1, ROS2, HTTP, WebSocket, Serial Driver, Redis DB...
 - Callback code cannot access communication layer
- Native parallel processing
 - Callbacks are Re-entrant Persistent data only via Redis DB API
 - AsynclO backend + Cython (C level performance)
 - Resource Usage Profiling tools
- Upgrade / Downgrade mandatory for industrial clients
 - Imported libraries outside the callback code
 - GIT based versioning of Callbacks

MOV.AI Nodes - IDE in Browser

ft. SCAN AREA.CB X ROSCON2019.FLO X APRILTAG ROS.ND X ALIGN_CART.ND X AMCL_TEST.ND X * scan_area new_scan = msg Q points = [[]] listener = TransformListener() 6 nvar = Var('Node') #Node variables shared among the callbacks of the node + Annotation × areas = nvar.areas Imports +8 frame_id = nvar.scan_frame_id 9 points_in_area = [0]*len(areas) 10 free_area = [0]*len(areas) + Callbacks × f new_scan.ranges is not None: Message idx, ray in enumerate(new_scan.ranges): + Flows ~ angle = idx*new_scan.angle_increment + new_scan.angle_min ray_x = ray*math.cos(angle) ray_y = ray*math.sin(angle) + State Machines × laser_point = PointStamped() laser_point.header.frame_id = frame_id laser_point.header.stamp = rospy.Time(0) laser_point.point.x = ray_x + Nodes \sim laser_point.point.y = ray_y transformed_point = listener.transformPoint(gd.params['map'], laser_point) + Layouts ~ new_point = numpy.array([[transformed_point.point.x, transformed_point.point.y]]) points = numpy.append(points, new_point, 0) index, ar points_irsetre + Scenes × local o(area.contains_points(points)) Logger.lesetattr keyword set keyword share local index, area + Forms V if points_in Save local gd.params['max_points']: free_area scan_result local Var('Robot').scardatabaseme_id local nsamples local 44 gd.oport['exit'].se

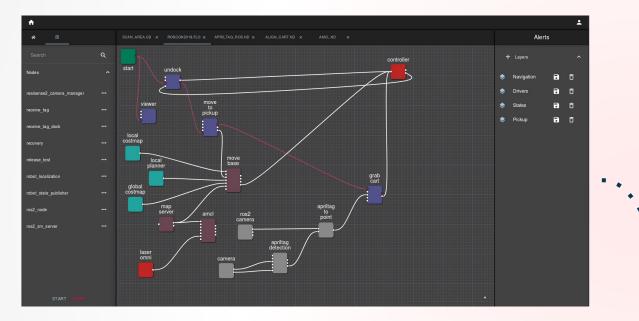
State Transition



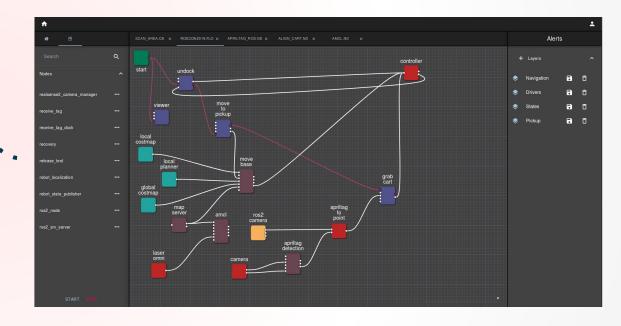
- Visual Launch Diagrams can act as State Machine Diagrams
- MOV.AI Nodes can act as "State Nodes"
 - "Transition" is one of the supported VLD protocols
- When a Node is transitioned-to
 - All non-connected nodes are recursively killed/disabled
- Visualize dependency between Robot's State & required ROS nodes
- Visual ROS2 lifecycle manager

State Transition





Corridor navigation state



Cart Grabbing state

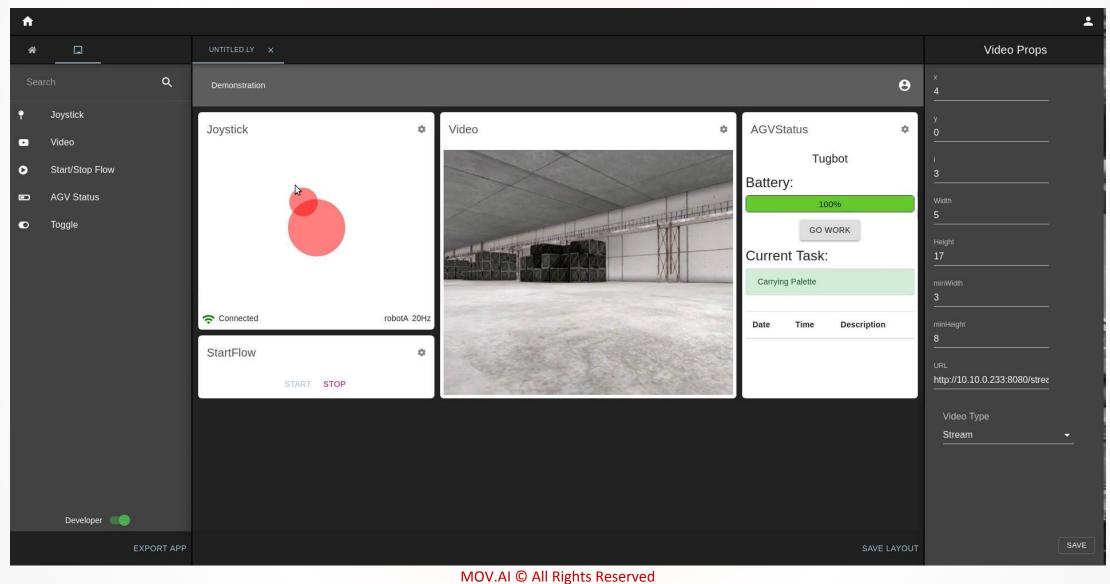
Customizable UI



- MVC framework
 - Collaborative UI (2-direct. link w db replicated on every robot)
 - Any Robot can act as Web server
- Extensible web API
 - HTTP/WebSockets protocols supported in MOV.Al Nodes
 - Custom server-side functions
 - REST API available for CRUDE actions (vs replicated DB)
- REST-full application
 - Develop apps with preferred js framework (React, Vue, etc)
 - Create and upload your own is application into Mov.Al system
- Dashboard Creator
 - Create operator views with stats and queues
 - Create custom dashboards to monitor and control fleets
 - Extensible set of customizable widgets

Dashboard Creator





Thank you!

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